## **Grade 3 Multiplication and Division Fact Fluency Guide**

<u>MAFS.3.OA.3.7</u>: Students will fluently multiply and divide within 100 using strategies and properties of operations. By the end of Grade 3\*, students will know from memory all products of two one-digit numbers

•		oj Grade 3°, stadents will know from memo	
Approx. Month	Focus Facts	Example	Resources
Foundational Facts Students should recognize that using the commutative property doubles the number of facts that they know,			
e.g. "If I know the product of $5 \times 6 = 30$ then I also know $6 \times 5 = 30$ "			
AugSept.	×2	3+3=2×3	Doubles Match-Up, Double Up
	×5	5, 10, 15, 20,	Points on a Star, ×5 Fact Fish (go fish)
	×10	10, 20, 30 (4×10) = (4×5) × 2	Top Tens, ×10 Corners
	×1	$1 \times a = a$ (a = any number)	What's The Problem?, ×1 Math Towers
	×0	$0 \times a = 0$ (a = any number)	My Monster, ×1 ×0 Math Checkers
<b>Derived facts</b> Students use foundational and other known facts along with the <u>distributive property</u> to derive products, e.g. "I			
know $5 \times 4 = 20$ so $6 \times 4$ must be 24 because it is 1 more group of 4"			
Oct.	×3	$3 \times 4 = (2 \times 4) + 4$	×3 Fruit Baskets
		"3 groups of 4 is the same as 2 groups of 4 plus	All Lined Up x3
		one more group."	
Nov.	×4	$4 \times 6 = (2 \times 6) + (2 \times 6)$ "2 groups of 6 is 12 so 4 groups of 6 is double 12	<u>Double-Double Patterns</u>
		(12 + 12 = 24)."	×4 Quilt Cover Up
		$6 \times 7 = (5 \times 7) + 7$	
Dec.	×6	"5 groups of 7 is 35, so 6 groups of 7 is 1 more	×6 All Lined Up
		group of 7, 35 + 7 = 42"	<u>×6 Capture</u>
Jan.	×9	9 × 8 = (10 × 8) - 8	×9 Another Way
		"I know 10 groups of 8 is 80, so if I have 1 less	×9 Condition
		group, 80 - 8 = 72"	AS CONTRIBUTE
Feb.	×8	$8 \times 3 = (4 \times 3) + (4 \times 3)$	
		"I know 4 groups of 3 is 12, and since 8 is double 4, 2 groups of 12 = 24"	×2×4×8 Multiplication Chart
		$-OR- 8 \times 3 = (5 \times 3) + (3 \times 3)$	×8 Missing Numbers
		"I would rather break up 8 as 5 + 3 since I know 5	×8 Target 80
		× 3 and 3 × 3"	
March	×7	$7 \times 8 = (5 \times 8) + (2 \times 8)$	×7 Another Way
		"I know $5 \times 8 = 40$ and $2 \times 8 = 26$ , so together the	×7 Capture
		total would be 56"	·
SeptMar.	Multiplica	Apply strategies to quickly recall multiplication	Rio and Knock Out!
	tion All	facts	<u>Connecting Products</u>
April	Division	Recognize Division can be represented with a missing factor	Missing Numbers with Multiplication
			Find the Unknown Number
		"To solve $24 \div 4 = ?$ , I can think, I know $4 \times 6 = 24$ ,	What's Your Number?
		so 24 ÷ 4 = 6"	<u>Using Multiplication to Solve Division</u>
May	Division	Use multiplication to divide	Multiplication and Division Match Cards
		Recognize Fact Families	Homes for Facts
June	Division All	Apply fact families or multiplication to divide	Division Duel
			Four Quotients
			Race to the Resort
i-Ready <u>Learning Games</u> : "Match" & "Pizza"			
i-Ready Ready Toolbox Resource - "Grade 3: Additional Fluency Practice"			

<sup>\*</sup>Students should be able to work towards fluency at their own pace and should be provided targeted practice based on informal formative assessment data.